

# <u>CERTIFIED MAIL</u> RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

JUN 2 2 2012

Kevin P. LeMaire

Prairieville, LA 70769

**RE:** MUR 6519

Dear Mr. LeMaire:

On June 18, 2012, the Federal Election Commission reviewed the allegations in your complaint dated December 7, 2011, and found that on the basis of the information provided in your complaint, and information provided by the Respondents, there is no reason to believe Chalyn Fayard, Calvin C. Fayard, Jr., Cynthia Fayard, Cathryn Caroline Fayard, Calvin C. Fayard, Iff, Frances Gray Fayard, D. Blayne Honeycutt, Valerie Honeycutt, and Carolyn Mistoler, violated 2 U.S.C. § 441f, a provision of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended, or 11 C.F.R. § 110.4(b)(1) of the Commission's regulations. Accordingly, on June 18, 2012, the Commission closed the file in this matter.

Documents related to the case will be placed on the public record within 30 days. See Statement of Policy Regarding Disclosure of Closed Enforcement and Related Files, 68 Fed. Reg. 70,426 (Dec. 18, 2003) and Statement of Policy Regarding Placing First General Counsel's Reports on the Public Record, 74 Fed. Reg. 66,132 (Dec. 14, 2009). The Factual and Legal Analysis, which more fully explains the Commission's findings, is enclosed.

The Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended, allows a complainant to seek judicial review of the Commission's dismissal of this action. See 2 U.S.C. § 437g(a)(8).

Sincerely,

Anthony Herman General Coursel

BY: Mark D. Shonkwiler
Assistant General Counsel

**Enclosure** 

Factual and Legal Analysis

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1		FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISS	ION		
2		FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS			
4		FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALTS	313		
5		RESPONDENTS: Calvin C. Fayard, Jr.	MUR:	6519	
6		Cynthia Fayard			
7		Chalyn Fayard			
8		Cathryn Caroline Fayard,			
9		Calvin C. Fayard, III			
10		Frances Gray Fayard			
11		Carolyn Mistoler			
12		D. Blayne Honeycutt			
13		Valerie Houeycutt			
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16	I.	INTRODUCTION			

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Complainant alleges that Calvin C. Fayard, Jr. or Cynthia Fayard provided the funds that their daughter Chalyn Fayard used for a \$10,000 contribution to the federal account of the Democratic State Central Committee of Louisiana ("DSCCL") in October 2010. Respondents maintain that Chalyn Fayard used her own funds for the contribution and provided information showing that she had sufficient personal funds to make the contribution. Complainant also generally alleges that additional contributions the DSCCL's federal account reported as being made by Fayard family members and associates came from an unnamed source. Respondents deny these allegations.

As discussed below, the available information shows that Chalyn Fayard made the \$10,000 federal contribution with her own funds. Further, the less specific allegations regarding additional federal contributions made in the names of various other Fayard family members and associates are based on speculation and have been denied. Therefore, the Commission finds no reason to believe that respondents violated the Act or Commission regulations.

## II. <u>FACTS</u>

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<b>A</b>	Background
A.	DACKPIOUNG

The DSCCL is a state political party committee of the Louisiana Democratic Party that

is registered with the Commission and maintains a federal account.

Calvin Fayard, Jr. is a Louisiana attorney and one of two named partners of the law firm Fayard & Honeycutt, APC. Cynthia Fayard is his ex-wife and the mother of his three adult children: Chalyn Cynthia Fayard, a veterinarian; Cathryn "Caroline" Fayard, an attorney; and Calvin C. Fayard, III, an attorney. Frances Gray Fayard is Calvin Fayard, Jr.'s curamt wife and is also an attorney. D. Blayne Honeycutt is Calvin Fayard, Jr.'s law partner at Fayard & Honeycutt, APC, and Valerie Honeycutt is his wife. Carolyn Mistoler allegedly was Calvin Fayard, Jr.'s personal and business bookkeeper during the relevant period. See Complaint at 2.

Disclosure reports filed with the Commission show that the Fayard family members contributed over \$655,000 to various federal candidates and committees since 1997. Calvin Fayard, Jr. has contributed over \$280,000; Cynthia Fayard, who is retired, has contributed over \$84,000; Chalyn Fayard has contributed over \$45,000; Caroline Fayard has contributed over \$45,000; Calvin C. Fayard, III, has contributed over \$51,000; and Frances Gray Fayard has contributed over \$149,000.

### B. 2010 Federal Contributions

On October 26, 2010, Chalyn Fayard contributed \$10,000 to the federal account of the DSCCL. Commission disclosure reports show that other Fayard family members contributed an additional \$55,000 to the federal account of the DSCCL in October 2010. Calvin C. Fayard, Jr., Cynthia Fayard, and D. Blayne Honeycutt each contributed \$10,000 on October 19, 2010, and

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- 1 Frances Gray Fayard contributed \$5,000 on the same date. Caroline Fayard and Valerie
- 2 Honeycutt each contributed \$10,000 on October 26, 2010.1
- 3 Complainant, a former paralegal at Fayard and Honeycutt, APC, alleges that Chalyn
- 4 Fayard's \$10,000 contribution was made with funds that her parents transferred into her bank
- 5 account. See Complaint at 2-3. Complainant does not claim to have any direct knowledge of
- 6 such a reimbursement, but alleges that Chalyn Fayard could not have afforded the \$10,000
- 7 contribution because she was a veterinary doctoral student in Sootland and was unemployed at
- 8 the time. See Complaint at 3.

Chalyn Fayard asserts that, although she was a full-time graduate veterinary student at the time of her contributions, she had substantial personal assets and investments with which to make the contribution. See Response at 2. She submitted an affidavit stating that the \$10,000 contribution was made with personal funds, and was not reimbursed. Id. She also provided information showing that she received significant income from wages and investments during 2010. Chalyn Fayard further provided bank records showing the source of the funds used to make the \$10,000 contribution.<sup>2</sup> See Supplemental Response dated April 19, 2012 at 1.

According to the bank records, Chalyn Fayard made the \$10,000 federal contribution with

check No. 846 dated October 26, 2010 from her Chase checking account. The check was

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Commission's disclosure reports show that Caroline Fayard previously contributed \$5,000 to the DSCCL's federal account on July 13, 2010 and that Frances Gray Fayard contributed \$2,950 in August 2010. Although Complainant alleged that Calvin Fayard III's contributions to the DSCCL were also reimbursed, the committee's reports show no federal contributions from Calvin Fayard III in 2010.

On April 19 and May 11, 2012, Chalyn Fayard voluntarily provided relevant bank records and a copy of a personal financial statement.

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cashed on October 28, 2010 from equivalent funds Chalyn Fayard transferred from her Chase
 savings account.

Without providing any details, Complainant also alleges that the \$55,000 in federal contributions to the DSCCL reported as being made by various other Fayard family members and associates came from an unnamed source. Complainant provided no factual basis for the allegations. Those respondents assert that they made their contributions with personal funds, but they did not provide personal financial information. See Response at 2.

# C. 2010 Nonfederal Contributions

Fayard family members also made substantial non-federal contributions in 2010. Complainant alleges that on January, 20, 2011, the Louisiana Board of Ethics commenced an investigation into whether Calvin Fayard, Jr., Cynthia Fayard, and Caroline Fayard violated the Louisiana Campaign Finance Disclosure Act by making contributions in the name of another to evade Louisiana's \$5,000 individual contribution limit to state candidates. *See* Complaint at 3.

Complainant suggests that the Louisiana Board of Ethics investigation into nonfederal contributions indicates that Chalyn Fayard's \$10,000 federal contribution to the DSCCL was part of a broader reimbursement scheme to support Caroline Fayard's 2010 candidacy for

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- 1 Lieutenant Governor of Louisiana. <sup>4</sup> See Complaint at 2-3. Respondents deny the allegations.
- 2 See Response.

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#### III. <u>ANALYSIS</u>

The Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("the Act"), prohibits a person from making a contribution in the name of another person, knowingly permitting one's name to be used to effect such a contribution, or knowingly accepting a contribution made by one person in the name of another. 2 U.S.C. § 441f; 11 C.F.R. § 110.4(b)(1). The Commission's regulations prohibit knowingly helping or assisting any person in making a contribution in the name of another. 11 C.F.R. § 110.4(b)(1)(iii). Contributions made to the DSCCL's federal account are subject to the limits and prohibitions of the Act. See 11 C.F.R. § 102.5(a).

Complainant alleges that the Fayards reimbursed various contributions, including Chalyn Fayard's \$10,000 contribution. Complainant's allegation regarding Chalyn Fayard relies on the premise that as a full-time student she would not have the funds to make a \$10,000 contribution. The available evidence does not support the allegation. Chalyn Fayard provided a sworn affidavit declaring that she made the \$10,000 contribution with personal funds, and that she was not reimbursed. She also provided bank records showing that she had sufficient existing funds in her bank accounts to fund the contribution, and that the contribution was made with funds she transferred from her savings account. There is no available information that casts any doubt as to the veracity of the statements in Chalyn Fayard's sworn affidavit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> During the 2010 election cycle, Caroline Fayard was a first-time candidate for Lieutanant Governor in the state of Louisiana. She received sufficient votes in an October 2, 2010 special election to run against Louisiana's Secretary of State Jay Dardenne in a November 2, 2010 runoff election. The special election followed the resignation of former Lieutenant Governor, Mitch Landrieu, who became Mayor of New Orleans. See Ed Anderson, Race for Louisiana'a [sic] Next Lieutenant Governor Heats Up, Times-Picayune (Oct. 21, 2010).

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- 1 Therefore, the Commission finds no reason to believe Chalyn Fayard, Calvin Fayard, Jr., or
- 2 Cynthia Fayard violated 2 U.S.C. § 441f or 11 C.F.R. § 110.4(b)(1) with regard to the \$10,000
- 3 federal contribution reported as having been made by Chalyn Fayard.
- 4 Complainant further alleges that various other federal contributions the DSCCL reported
- 5 as being made by Chalyn Fayard's parents, siblings, and the Honeycutts in 2010 were
- 6 reimbursed. Complainant provided no information to support the allegations, however, and
- 7 respondents have denied the allegations. Therefore, the Commission also finds no reason to
- 8 believe Calvin Fayard, Jr., Cynthia Fayard, Caroline Fayard, Calvin C. Fayard, III, Frances
- 9 Gray Fayard, D. Blayne Honeycutt, and Valerie Honeycutt violated 2 U.S.C. § 441f or
- 10 11 C.F.R. § 110.4(b)(1) in connection with federal contributions to the DSCCL reported as
- 11 having been made in their names.
- Finally, Complainant alleges that Carolyn Mistoler, the Fayard and Honeycutt law firm's
- bookkeeper, helped or assisted the family with the purported reimbursement scheme. Based on
- 14 the above discussion, the Commission further finds no reason to believe Ms. Mistoler violated
- 15 2 U.S.C. § 441f or 11 C.F.R. § 110.4(b)(1).